

# Water Counts: Delivering Safe and Reliable Water in California

Coachella Valley Water Rates Forum

April 20, 2016 • Kathleen Tiegs, ACWA President

#### About ACWA

#### Who We Represent . . .

ACWA members responsible for 90% of the state's distributed water

#### **Water Sources & Services**

- Federal, state and local projects
- Surface and groundwater
- Agricultural, urban, industrial customers
- Wholesale, retail





# About Local Water Agencies

- Public, non-for-profit agencies governed by locallyelected boards to represent ratepayers
- They plan, build and operate critically important water infrastructure
- As stewards of local ratepayer dollars, water agencies take their responsibilities seriously



## Local Water Agencies and Transparency

- They conduct open and public meetings with opportunities for public engagement
- Board members must complete regular ethics training and file forms with the FPPC
- Agencies undergo rigorous auditing to ensure public funds are managed properly
- Local water agencies are accountable to local voters



## Investing in Clean, Safe Water

A lot goes into delivering clean, safe, reliable water 24/7:

- Regular maintenance of complex water systems
- Advanced water treatment
- Investments in new technology, infrastructure and resources



All of these things require time and money

# Investing in Clean, Safe Water

- Since the 1990s, water agencies have invested close to \$20 Billion
- Investing in everything from water recycling to water use efficiency to storage to desalination
- These local investments protected the state's overall economy during the drought



# How are Ratepayer Dollars Used?



Local water agencies use ratepayer dollars to:

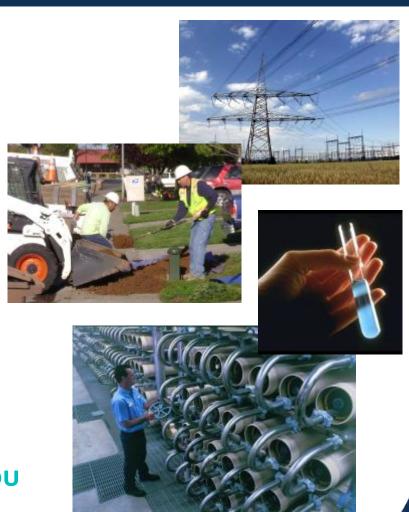
- Invest in the future
- Maintain, repair and upgrade infrastructure
- Develop drought-resilient supplies
- Make your water system more efficient
- Deliver high-quality drinking water

#### What Increases the Cost of Water?

#### Some cost-drivers include:

- Compliance with drinking water standards (such as Chromium-6)
- System maintenance & repair
- Aging infrastructure
- Water treatment costs
- Investments in drought-resilient supplies
- Environmental requirements
- Increased energy, gas, materials costs

These costs affect the amount you pay for your monthly water bill



### What's the Drought Got to Do With It?



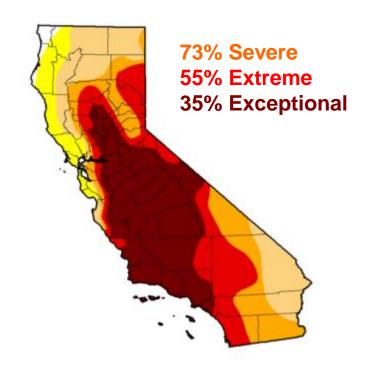
Droughts are costly for local water agencies:

- Unbudgeted costs for outreach & rebates
- Enforcement of water restrictions
- Purchase of supplemental supplies
- Lost revenue as a result of mandatory conservation

# The Drought is Not Over

- Improved conditions in Northern California, but not much elsewhere
- Recovery of some Northern California surface reservoirs
- Some adjustments to state's emergency conservation regulation possible in May
- Investments in droughtresilient supplies will continue

U.S. Drought Monitor – March 29, 2016



# Examples of Local Drought-Resilient Investments

- MWD's Diamond Valley Lake
- CCWD's Los Vaqueros Reservoir
- ➤ IRWD's Strand Ranch Groundwater Bank
- Carlsbad's Bud Lewis Desalination Plant
- OCWD's Groundwater Replenishment System
- Mesa Water's Reliability Facility













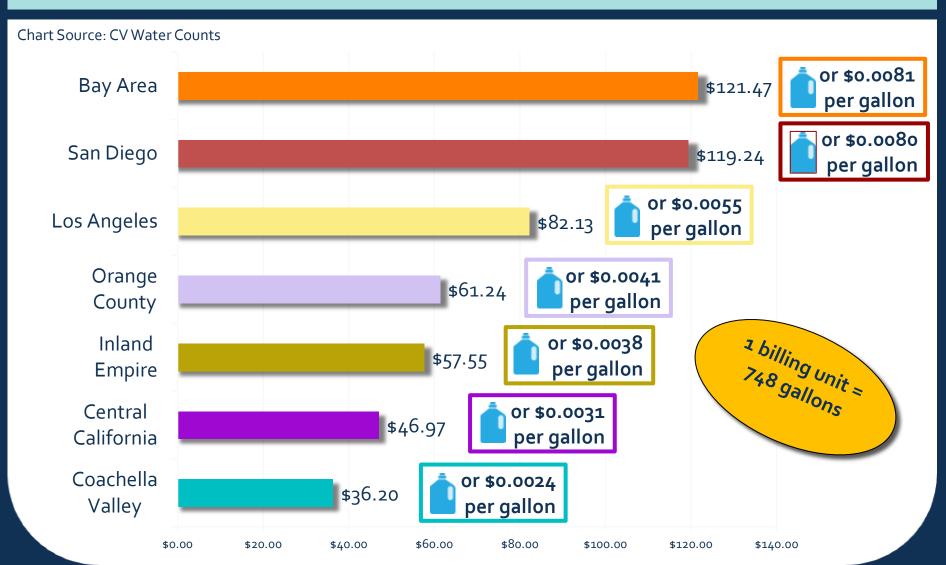
# ACWA's Drought Survey



- > 59% of surveyed agencies raised rates in 2015 due to the drought
- Another 33% planned to raise rates in 2016
- These rate increases are necessary to cover costs and protect water service

### Regional Bill Comparison

Based on average Coachella Valley Household of 20 billing units



#### Rate Increases Around the State

- City of San Diego Utility Department: Effective Jan. 1, typical residential rates will increase by \$6 per month
- Zone 7 Water Agency: Adopted October 2015, typical residential rates will increase by \$7.90 per month
- City of Sacramento Dept. of Utilities: If approved by City Council, typical residential rates will increase by \$5 per month each year from 2017-2020.

#### Rate Increases Around the State

- LADWP: Effective April 2016, typical residential rates will increase by \$4.20 per month each year from 2016-2020.
- East Bay MUD: a two-year increase effective in 2016, raised typical residential rates by \$4.50 per month and will increase another \$4.50 per month in 2017 for users in the lowest tier.
- Contra Costa WD: Adopted in January, typical residential rates will increase by \$2 per month. A temporary pricing adjustment for drought also remains in effect.

#### The Value of Water

#### **Key Takeaways:**

- Water is an expensive but essential resource
- Local water agencies are doing everything they can to keep costs lower
- The cost of delivering water is increasing



Clean, safe, reliable water is worth the investment!

#### Water is Worth the Investment

Yes, water service costs money...



...but not having clean, safe, reliable water costs a lot more.

# Questions?

Kathleen Tiegs
ACWA President
(916) 441-4545
www.acwa.com

